ABSTRACT

MIRANTI SUKRAN RADJAK. The Relationship between Nurse Preparedness and Flood Disaster Management at Bulango Utara Health Center. Supervised by PIPIN YUNUS as the chairman and HASLINDA DAMANSYAH as a member.

The elevated risk of flooding disasters underscored the necessity for nurses to possess adequate preparedness and competencies in addressing such emergencies. Nurse preparedness constitutes a critical component that enables healthcare professionals to contribute to disaster management efforts actively. The objective of this research was to assess nurse preparedness in relation to disaster management at Bulango Utara Health Center. This study employed a quantitative analytical survey methodology utilizing a cross-sectional study design. The researcher implemented total sampling, encompassing the entire population of 25 respondents as the sample. The findings indicated that the majority of nurses exhibited good preparedness, with 17 individuals (68%) classified in the favorable category, while eight individuals (32%) were categorized as having inadequate preparedness.
Similarly, disaster management effectiveness was evaluated, revealing that 15 individuals (60%) were classified in the favorable category, whereas ten individuals (40%) were categorized as having inadequate management capabilities. The analysis of the relationship between nurse preparedness and flood disaster management demonstrated that, based on the Chi-square test, the p-value obtained was 0.000 < 0.05, indicating a statistically significant relationship between nurse preparedness and flood disaster management at Bulango Utara Health Center. Thus, enhanced disaster preparedness among nurses corresponded to improved disaster management efficacy.

Keywords: Disaster, Preparedness, Management, Nurse

ABSTRAK

MIRANTI SUKRAN RADJAK.Hubunngan Kesiapsiagaan Perawat Terhadap Penanggulangan Bencana Banjir Di Puskesmas Bulango Utara. Dibimbing oleh PIPIN YUNUS sebagai ketua dan HASLINDA DAMANSYAH sebagai anggota.

Tingginya risiko bencana banjir menimbulkan urgensi bagi perawat untuk memiliki kesiapsiagaan dan kompetensi yang cukup dalam menghadapi situasi darurat tersebut.Kesiapsiagaan perawat merupakan unsur penting yang harus dimiliki seorang perawat dapat berkontribusi aktif dalam penanggulangan bencana. Tujuan penelitian ini untuk mengetahui kesiapsiagaan perawat terhadap penanggulangan bencana di Puskesmas Bulango Utara. Metode penelitian ini merupakan penelitian kuantitatif materi survey analitik dengan menggunakan desain penelitian *cross sectional study*. Pada penelitian ini peneliti menggunakan tehnik pengambilan sampel dengan total sampling, sehingga seluruh populasi 25 responden di jadikan sampel. Hasil penelitian menunjukkan kesiapsiagaan perawat terbanyak yaitu kategori baik 17 orang (68%), serta kesiapsiagaan perawat kategori kurang sebanyak 8 orang (32%). Penanggulangan bencana terbanyak yaitu kategori baik 15 orang (60%), serta kesiapsiagaan perawat kategori kurang sebanyak 10 orang (40%). Hubungan Kesiapsiagaan perawat terhadap penanggulangan bencana banjir menunjukkan berdasarkan uji Chi-square didapatkan nilai p value = 0.000 < 0,05 yang artinya terdapat hubungan Kesiapsiagaan perawat terhadap penanggulangan bencana banjir di Puskesmas Bulango Timur. Semakin baik kesiapsiagaan bencana perawat maka penanggulangan bencana perawatakan lebih baik

Kata kunci: Bencana, Kesiapsiagaan, Penanggulangan, Perawat